

Manuscript Guidelines

Manuscript Title: The title of manuscript should concisely, specific, relevant, informative and accurately specify the subject of your manuscript, it should not contain abbreviations.

Author Information: Author names must be listed in correct order, with affiliation is complete address information, including city, pin/zip code, state, and country. We encourage authors to include ORCID IDs, which will be requested on submission. Please indicate who the Corresponding Author is.

The corresponding author manages all pre- and post-publication communication for the manuscript, and must have their name, address, contact number, and email address clearly stated. Updated institutional email addresses and contact numbers for the corresponding author are required.

Abstract: The abstract should be informative and completely self-explanatory, briefly present the topic, state the scope of the experiments, indicate significant data, and point out major findings result and conclusion. The abstract should be no more than 300 words briefly specifying the aims of the work, the main results obtained, and the conclusions drawn. Citations must not be included in the Abstract. Avoid using any abbreviated form in the abstract. Taxonomic authorities should not be used here.

Keywords: The abstract should be followed by 5 to 6 keywords. The keywords should indicate the main subject matter of your manuscript and will help potential readers to search for your manuscript.

Manuscript Introduction: In this portion, Should include a brief description of the background context for the work including research rationale/context, clearly identifying the scientific question(s) and their National and International significance. The main problem, selected in the study should be discussed with the relevant earlier literature and the proposed method or solution. Proper references should be used in support to the content.

Materials and Methods: This section should provide a complete overview of the Study Design, Study Duration, Study Place, Sample Size. Detailed descriptions of materials or participants, comparisons, interventions, and types of analysis should be mentioned. The detailed experimental protocols, techniques, instruments and software etc. used in the study should be described here with their proper references.

Results: The results section should provide a concise and precise description of the experiment results and data on all primary and secondary outcomes, identified in the materials and methods part. In the results should be include the findings of the study including, if appropriate, results of statistical analysis which must be included either in the text or as tables, graphs, flow charts, figures and all necessary pictures.

Discussion: Authors should discuss the results and how they can be interpreted in perspective of previous work and of the working hypotheses. The findings and their implications should be discussed in the broadest context possible and limitations of the work highlighted. Future research directions may also be mentioned.

Conclusions: In this section should state clearly the main conclusions and provide an explanation of the importance and relevance of the study. It determines the overall conclusions of the study and the future research directions

Acknowledgment: This section includes acknowledgment of people, grant details, funds, etc.

References: Only published or accepted manuscripts should be included in the reference list. Meetings abstracts, conference talks, or articles that have been submitted but not yet accepted should not be cited. All personal communications should be supported by a letter from the relevant authors. Authors are requested to provide at least one online link for each reference as follows (preferably PubMed).

For Example:

1. Tong S, Kaitu'u-Lino TJ, Hastie R, Brownfoot F, Cluver C, Hannan N. Pravastatin, proton-pump inhibitors, metformin, micronutrients, and biologics: new horizons for the prevention or treatment of preeclampsia. *American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology*. 2022; 226(2S): S1157- S1170.
2. Goldstein RF, Abell SK, Ranasinha S, Misso ML, Boyle JA, Harrison CL, et al. Association of gestational weight gain with maternal and infant outcomes: systematic review and meta-analysis. *Am J Obstet Gynecol*. 2017;217(4):406- 420
3. Rayburn WF. Recommending medications during pregnancy: an evidence based approach. *Clin Obstet Gynecol*. 2002;45(1):1–5. <https://doi.org/10.1097/00003081-200203000-00003>.
4. Davison JM. Renal disorders in pregnancy. *Curr Opin Obstet Gynecol*. 2001;13(2):109–14. <https://doi.org/10.1097/00001703-200104000-00002>
5. Yenen Z, Ataçağ T. Oral care in pregnancy. *J Turk Ger Gynecol Assoc*. 2019;20(4):264–8. <https://doi.org/10.4274/jtgga.galenos.2018.2018.0139>

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